Claims

1. A compound represented by the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^2 & N & R^1 \\
X & Q & L & R^4
\end{array}$$

⁵ wherein

 R^1 and R^2 are the same or different and each is an optionally substituted hydrocarbon group or an optionally substituted hydroxy group;

R³ is an optionally substituted aromatic group;

10 R⁴ is an optionally substituted amino group;

L is a divalent chain hydrocarbon group;

Q is a bond or a divalent chain hydrocarbon group;

and

X is a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group,

an acyl group, a substituted hydroxy group, an optionally substituted thiol group, an optionally substituted amino group or an optionally substituted cyclic group;

provided that

when X is an ethoxycarbonyl group, then Q is a divalent chain

hydrocarbon group, and that the compound is not 2,6diisopropyl-3-methylaminomethyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5pentylpyridine;

2,6-diisopropyl-3-aminomethyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-pentylpyridine;

25 2,6-diisopropy1-3-(dimethylamino)methyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5pentylpyridine;

2,6-diisopropyl-3-(ethylamino)methyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-pentylpyridine; and

3-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxymethyl)-2,6-diisopropyl-4-(4-

fluorophenyl)-5-(indolyl-5-aminomethyl)pyridine,
or a salt thereof.

- 2. The compound of claim 1, wherein R¹ and R² are the same or different and each is an optionally substituted hydrocarbon group, and X is a cyano group, a nitro group, an acyl group, a substituted hydroxy group, an optionally substituted thiol group or an optionally substituted cyclic group.
 - 3. The compound of claim 1, wherein the acyl group for X is a carboxyl group.

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- 4. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are the same or different and each is a $C_{1-1\,0}$ alkyl group optionally substituted by 1 to 3 substituent(s) selected from a $C_{3-1\,0}$ cycloalkyl group, a C_{1-6} alkoxy-carbonyl group and a C_{1-6} alkoxy group.
- 5. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^3 is a C_{6-14} aryl group optionally substituted by 1 to 3 substituent(s) selected from a C_{1-6} alkyl group optionally substituted by 1 to 3 halogen atom(s) and a halogen atom.
 - 6. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^4 is an amino group.
- 7. The compound of claim 1, wherein L is a $C_{1-1\,0}$ alkylene group.
 - 8. The compound of claim 1, wherein Q is a bond.
- 9. The compound of claim 1, wherein X is an acyl group, a substituted hydroxy group, an optionally substituted thiol group or an optionally substituted amino group.
 - 10. The compound of claim 1, wherein X is a carboxyl group.

- 11. The compound of claim 1, which is 5-(aminomethyl)-2-methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)-6-neopentylnicotinic acid;
- 5-(aminomethyl)-6-isobutyl-2-methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)nicotinic acid;
- 5 methyl 3-{[5-(aminomethyl)-6-isobutyl-2-methyl-4-(4methylphenyl)pyridin-3-yl]methoxy}-1-methyl 1H pyrazole-4carboxylate;
 - {[2-isobuty1-6-methy1-4-(4-methylpheny1)-5-(2-morpholin-4-y1-2-oxoethyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl}amine;
- methyl 3-({[5-(aminomethyl)-6-isobutyl-2-methyl-4-(4methylphenyl)pyridin-3-yl]acetyl}amino)benzoate;
 N-[5-(aminomethyl)-6-isobutyl-2-methyl-4-(4methylphenyl)pyridin-3-yl]isoxazole-4-carboxamide,
 or a salt thereof.

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- 12. A prodrug of a compound of claim 1 or a salt thereof.
- 13. A pharmaceutical agent comprising a compound of claim 1 or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

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- 14. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 13, which is an agent for the prophylaxis or treatment of diabetes, diabetic complications, impaired glucose tolerance or obesity.
- ²⁵ 15. A peptidase inhibitor comprising a compound of claim 1 or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.
 - 16. The inhibitor of claim 15, wherein the peptidase is dipeptidyl dipeptidase-IV.

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17. Use of a compound of claim 1 or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof for the production of an agent for the prophylaxis or treatment of diabetes, diabetic complications, impaired glucose tolerance or obesity.

- 18. Use of a compound of claim 1 or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof for the production of a peptidase inhibitor.
- ⁵ 19. A method for the prophylaxis or treatment of diabetes, diabetic complications, impaired glucose tolerance or obesity in a mammal, which comprises administering a compound of claim 1 or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof to the mammal.
- 20. A method of inhibiting peptidase in a mammal, which comprises administering a compound of claim 1 or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof to the mammal.
- 21. A production method of a compound represented by the formula

wherein

 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and Q

are as defined in claim 1;

La is a bond or a divalent chain hydrocarbon group;

and

Xa is a hydrogen atom, a nitro group, an acyl group, a

substituted hydroxy group, an optionally

substituted thiol group, an optionally substituted amino group or an optionally substituted cyclic

group;

or a salt thereof, which comprises subjecting a compound represented by the formula

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wherein each symbol is as defined above, or a salt thereof to a reduction reaction.